



Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: ОСТАЛЬЦОВ

Имя: ЮРИЙ

Отчество: АНДРЕЕВИЧ

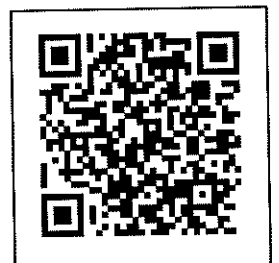
Страна: РОССИЙСКАЯ ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ

Регион: САНКТ-ПЕТЕРБУРГ

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

70

ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА





Вопрос 1

1a. 1) Passion

2) focus

3) Serve

4) ~~persistence~~ ^{perseverance} persistence

1b. And the first thing is passion/ Freeman Thomas says, "I'm driven by my passion". TED-sers do it for love, they don't do it for money. Carol Coletta says, "I would pay someone / to do what I do". And the interesting thing is, if you do it for love, the money comes anyway!

1c. 1) The person is so passionate about what they do that they would literally pay just to keep doing it.
2) The person would absolutely pay to do what they do if that was an option.

3) Pauses and stresses help to emphasize the words that the speaker considers important. The stressed "passion",



for instance.

2.) My childhood experiences influenced my ambitions greatly. The poor conditions of my neighbours in South Africa gave me the motivation to make the world better, and my passion for programming turned into passion for technology as a whole.

2) To be frank, it's not easy. Thankfully, over the years I developed a schedule that allows me to spend a plenty of time with my kids. Also, I sometimes bring them to my trips.

3) I love what I'm doing, and I love the impact it has on our lives. No hardship can stop me from funding ~~some~~ or creating something that can change the world.

4) I made SpaceX to set a new standard for the ~~industry~~ ^{industry}.



and show that the governments with their billions of taxpayer money ain't the only ones up there. I showed that private corporations can explore space as well.

5) You simply need to find a good idea that was around for years and double down on the realization. There was a handful of electric vehicles before Tesla, but only Tesla succeeded.

6) The biggest challenge was taking the risks. A private space company, an electric car and many of my other projects were a total gamble. As you can see, I hit the jackpot.

3. 1) To focus on achieving one's goals is essential to success. The infinitive was used to make the sentence sound more straightforward and serious.

2) Rarely does one see such dedication and commitment.



It emphasizes the reality by giving the sentence an unusual culture.

3) Had we not started the preparations earlier, we would have missed the deadline. It shows just how close to missing the deadline they were.

4) The author of this article argues persuasively ~~that~~ that global warming requires immediate action. The author "argues" in this exact article. It's in present tense because the article itself is being discussed right now.

5) The role of ethics in scientific progress remains the central debate. It's a verb. Past continuous is used to show that it was and still is the central debate.

4. 1) C. After a long time Ann was back to normal,



- but her injuries left ~~a~~ mark.
- 2) D. Being woken up by ^{the} birds singing outside is not uncommon for me.
- 3) B. I haven't got the slightest idea as to where Chris was last night.
- 4) C. Jane is a sympathetic listener. She listened to my rant after I got fired from my job.
- 5) D. The rain seems to be stopping, let's run for the train.
- 6) ~~She trusted that~~ A. She trusted that the babysitter will take care of her daughter for the evening.
- 7) B. Somehow, the machine came back to life after the engineer struck it with a hammer.
- 8) A. The Oscar winning actress was radiating with charm and professionalism as she was giving her ~~an~~ acceptance speech.



9) D. The boy shouted that someone took his rubber.
 10) C. The teacher wouldn't back down and change the date of the final exam.

5. 1) H The aim of the genre is to tell an interesting story, and ~~perhaps~~, teach the reader some lesson. ~~We can tell that~~ This extract ^{could have been} ~~was~~ written hundreds of years ago for the common English folk. We can guess the genre because of the use of flowery language. "Marched steadfast through shadowed glades," Pretty poetic, isn't it?

2) D The genre is aimed at delivering important scientific information. This extract is for scientists, or people simply interested in the subject. Words like, "findings" and "variables", make the expression suitable for the genre.

3) E The genre is aimed at brightening up the mood. It could be for a friend, a friend group or for the attendants of some comedy club. "Guess what?"



and the general structure of the expression make it suitable for the genre.

4) A The genre is aimed at ^{improving the mood of} ~~affect~~ the emotional state ^{people} ~~of some the citizens~~ and ^{them} giving motivation, for

this extract is for ^{the} citizens of some town or a country.

The whole expression ~~for~~ is filled with positivity and sounds extremely generic, like all political speeches are.

5) L The genre is aimed at giving information on the matters of business. It's for investors, traders and simply curious people. Words like „stock” and „earnings” make it suitable for the genre.

6) C The genre is aimed at telling a thrilling crime story. It's for people who like to have their nerves tickled. Words like „dampness”, „fear” and the general vibe of the expression make it suitable for the genre

4) K

8) B



9) G

10) F

(probably not a fallacy, just pointing it out)
G. (Fallacy 1: sentence 1.) The sentence claims that fast food became a controversial topic in recent years, while in reality it's been controversial for decades.

Fast food had always been a controversial topic due to its impact on health, society, and the environment.

Fallacy 2: sentence 4. The sentence claims that people who eat fast food are lazy and unwilling to cook, completely ignoring people who don't have the time to cook or can't afford proper food.

Fallacy 3: sentence 4. The sentence claims that waste from food chains is the sole cause of pollution in urban areas, while there are many other reasons.



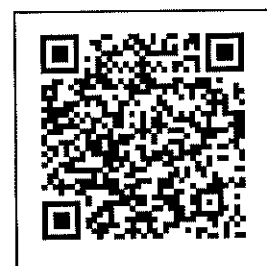
Packaging waste from food chains is one of the major causes of pollution in urban areas.

Fallacy 3rd sentence 8 The sentence claims that banning fast food would immediately resolve major environmental issues, which is not true because there are many other causes of environmental issues.

Fallacy 4th sentence 10 The sentence claims that marketing is entirely to blame for poor diets, ignoring people who eat poorly because of bad parenting and those who use fast food to cope with stress.

There are many reasons why people have poor diets, marketing being one of them.

(Fallacy 5th sentence 12) The sentence claims that banning fast food is the most effective solution for many public health and sustainability, ignoring other potential solutions.



Although some may oppose this, it is one of the more effective solutions for public health and sustainability.

Fallacy 5: sentence 5 The sentence claims that banning fast food would eliminate obesity and other diet related problems, ~~it~~ not taking other types of junk food and overeating into account.

Therefore, banning fast would reduce obesity and other health problems related to poor diet.

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